# Key Takeaways: Managing your Content Licenses





#### **Business Case**

- **Identify** your **stakeholders** (or department or organization for enterprise-wide content)
- Determine/articulate what information the stakeholders need to make effective decisions to generate revenue (or increase clients or, ...)
  - Engage the stakeholder to discuss their 'use case' to demonstrate how this information will contribute to business goals of the stakeholder
  - Review what is already available to them and why it does (or does not provide the needed information)
- Identify criteria to evaluate various products that could meet those information needs AND
  - Analyze those products critically (without bias), including costs, methods or delivery, source reliability/quality, etc.
  - o This requires a good understanding of how your stakeholder plans to use the content/data
- **Discuss/Review** your findings with the stakeholders, including all the budgetary issues, delivery methods, constraints based on your organization's IT structure, 'use case' limitations
  - o Answer questions, discuss their concerns, provide your recommendations
  - Discuss some 'success stories' related to use of the product (if possible)
- **Prepare** the final report:
  - o Provide summary and recommendations up front in 3-5 bullets
    - Identify metrics to assess the value of the content to determine the ROI (if possible)
    - Add all the backup as an appendix



### **Negotiations / Contracts**

- Before, during, after negotiations
  - o Know more than your supplier about their performance, market share, stock filings
    - Access to outside benchmarking
    - Network with colleagues
  - Know your internal stakeholder needs (Must have versus nice to have)
  - Where do you want to be at the end of the negotiations?
    - Final dollar amount
    - What would make you walk away?
  - o Timeline Start early to give yourself time to negotiate; you don't have to accept terms
- Contract terms
  - You lead, don't be afraid to ask for what you want
  - Disclose your hand with caution not too soon, not without reciprocity
  - Ask questions to get clarification and have someone else read the contract
  - Check:
    - Usage
    - Rights to use, publish, share the data
    - Number of users
    - Take out automatic renewals
    - Indemnity and liability
  - Be prepared to go dark if you need to
    - Preparation allows you to make that decision
    - Know your numbers to prepare for increases
- Vendor management plan
  - Regular check-ins with suppliers
  - Review usage to make sure you're getting what you paid for
  - o Timeline for the future

# Key Takeaways: Managing your Content Licenses



### Marketing

- **1. Know your customers** always capture information on how they use resources
- 2. Partner with other communication channels internally
  - a. Corporate newsletter
  - b. Intranet department site, but grab other real estate
  - c. Digital signs
  - d. Related functions in shared services (data science, data analysts)
  - e. Draw on business case for your marketing (what were the key selling points? Do these points apply to other departments who may want to be aware?)
  - f. educate people on compliance issues tied to the content what can you do with this content?
- 3. Develop your own communications to promote available licenses/data
- 4. Partner with your vendors
  - a. Webinars (i.e. catastrophe modeling) ask for the product trainers or modelers, not sales rep
  - b. Training plan to ensure users understand how to use the tool, utilize usage data to target training
  - c. Content for your newsletter include an item from one of your tier 1 vendors
  - d. Learn what's new and and target communications to users who may be interested
- **5. Catalog** modernize access to subscriptions, focusing on data (i.e. S&P, Markit's data catalog), adding details on where the data is currently used, links to sample data or products, information on whether APIs are available
- 6. Data roundtable/Community of Practice take the lead on encouraging communication across stakeholders setting up quarterly meeting where users can meet to talk about data sources

#### **Exit Strategies**

- Exits can be a positive opportunity
  - Milestone checkpoint with stakeholders
  - A pivot -- repurpose spend, change terms, new product
- Skills for navigating the exit
  - Ensure sustainable relationships
    - Don't burn bridges
    - Keep it centered -- anticipate back channels, corral organizational noise
    - Plan the exit at the beginning -- anticipate termination requirements and include them in your license
  - Anchor your case with business case expertise
    - Frame exit as an opportunity
  - Getting to yes = resiliency over resistance
    - Find a third option/solution
    - Release the p pressure -- shorter contract, assessment

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### **Summary**

- ★ More time on building the business case and evaluating use cases
- ★ More urgency on speed to market, which means pressure on negotiations
- Regulatory requirements on disclosure make it difficult to navigate with vendors need to reposition "what's expected" v. "what's reality"
- ★ What we were focused on last year is different than this year and will be different next year
- ★ Managing through acquisitions internally and w/vendors
- ★ Constant learning industry changes and role changes... new catalog requirements
- ★ Target outreach and standardize communication templates

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- ★ Host data roundtables to engage stakeholders
- \* Ask for the contract in Word with track changes to enable legal to offer new language
- ★ Short form for stakeholders to communicate business case:

  - O How many people need access?
  - Owner of the content do you need?
  - Owner of the contract of th
  - Owho do you need to share the data with?
  - O How does this impact/benefit the business?
- ★ Look at motivation behind vendor mergers
- ★ Usage can be requested in aggregate, and can be specifically addressed in the contract about what will be shared